Geography progression at St Mawes Primary

	Reception	Year 1 and 2	Year 3 and 4	Year 5 and 6
Locational	Talk about similarities and	Name and locate a local town.	Locate the world's	Locate environmental
Knowledge	differences in relation to	Name, locate and identify	countries focusing on	regions, key physical and
	places.	characteristics of the four	Europe, North and South	human characteristics,
		countries and capital cities of	America.	countries, and major cities.
		the United Kingdom and its	Use maps to locate	Understand how aspects of
		surrounding seas.	countries of Europe.	key topographical features
		Name and locate the world's	Use map keys and	change over time.
		seven continents and five oceans.	symbols.	Identify and discuss the
			Use maps to locate the	significance of latitude,
			Equator, and the Tropics	longitude, Equator,
			and consider their	Northern Hemisphere,
			climates.	Southern Hemisphere, the
			Understand the term	Tropics of Cancer and
			'climate zones' and	Capricorn, Arctic and
			'biomes' and identify some	Antarctic Circle, the
			differing ones.	Prime/Greenwich Meridian
				and time zones (including
				day and night.
Place	Talk about the features of	Observe and describe the human	Match key landmarks to	Understand how and why
Knowledge	their own immediate	and physical geography of a small	the country.	features may have changed
	environment and how	area of the United Kingdom (Lake	Identify similarities and	over time.
	environments might vary	District).	differences.	Understand and use
	from one another	Understand geographical	Make comparisons to life	geographical language to
		similarities and differences	in the UK with life in	make comparisons between
		through studying the human and	contrasting countries.	regions.
		physical geography of a small	Study pictures to make	
		area of the United Kingdom (Lake	reasoned judgements.	

		District), and of a small area in a non- European country (Kenya).		
Human and	Make observations of the	Identify seasonal/daily weather	Draw diagrams and	Identify the difference
Physical	environment and explain	patterns in the UK and the	produce writing on	between human and
Geography	why some things occur and	location of hot and cold areas of	physical geography eg.	physical geographical and
	talk about changes	the world in relation to the	Volcanoes, earthquakes,	select appropriate types of
		equator and the North and South	tsunamis, vegetation	maps.
		poles.	belts, rivers, biomes and	Ask, research, explain,
		Use basic Geographical	the water cycle.	draw conclusions and
		vocabulary to refer to physical	Draw diagrams and	provide evidence.
		features of their school and its	produce writing on human	Generate solutions and
		grounds and of the surrounding	geography eg. types of	promote ethically sound
		environment and key physical	settlement and land use,	trade and climate choices.
		features (inc - beach, cliff,	economic activity and	Produce own diagrams,
		coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea,	distribution of natural	writing, presentations using
		ocean, river, soil, valley,	resources.	geographical vocabulary.
		vegetation, season, weather)	Ask, research and	Compare current maps and
		and human features (inc city,	explain.	make suggestions about
		town, village, factory, farm,	Study how land was used	change.
		house, office, port, harbour,	and why this has changed.	
		shop) of a contrasting non-	Understand the need for	
		European country (Kenya)	ethically sound trade and	
			climate choices.	
Geographical	Use everyday language to	Use maps, atlases and globes to	Use locational language.	Confidently use maps,
Skills and	talk about positions and	identify the continents and	Use 4 figure grid	globes and Google Earth.
Framework	distance	oceans studied at this key stage	references.	Use maps and pictures to
	Can describe their relative	and identify the United Kingdom	Use the language of a 4	locate, ask questions and
	position such as behind or	and its countries.	point compass.	draw conclusions between
	next to	Use locational and directional	Record changes and	locations and hemispheres.
		language (eg, near and far, left	observations.	Use geographical symbols.

and right), Describe the location of features and routes on maps. Use simple compass directions (North, East, South and West), to describe the location of features and routes on a map. Use photographs to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise simple picture maps.

Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features: devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key.

Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of the schools surrounding areas.

Make maps and plans using keys and symbols. Undertake surveys, investigations and draw conclusions.

Be aware of own responsibility in the world.

Use 6 figure grid references.
Use the language of 8 point compass.
Collect, collate and record data drawing conclusions.
Act positively and responsibly in the, and for the, wider world.
Make suggestions and reflect on own beliefs and impact.
Ask geographical questions.